# Data Repositories For Research Reproducibility

Kathy Davies, MLS
Interim Director of Libraries

Jennifer Putnam Davis, MA, MLIS Scholarship and Data Librarian Greenblatt Library

# Today's Topics

- Overview of Data Reproducibility
- Data Reproducibility Components and Challenges
- Data Reproducibility Initiatives
- Data Journals and Repositories
- University Library Resources

Within the scope of the health sciences, social sciences, and the arts and humanities disciplines

# Data Reproducibility

- Definitions
  - Reproducibility

"Ability of a researcher to duplicate the results of a prior study using the same materials as were used by the original investigator."

### - Replicability

"Ability of a researcher to duplicate the results of a prior study if the same procedures are followed but new data are collected."

WHAT DOES RESEARCH REPRODUCIBILITY MEAN? STEVEN N. GOODMAN\*, DANIELE FANELLI AND JOHN P. A. IOANNIDIS

Science Translational Medicine 01 Jun 2016: Vol. 8, Issue 341, pp. 341ps12 DOI: 10.1126/scitranslmed.aaf5027 Data Reproducibility Components and Challenges in the Health Sciences and Social Sciences

# Data Reproducibility Components

• Sharing analytical data sets (accessibility)

Relevant metadata

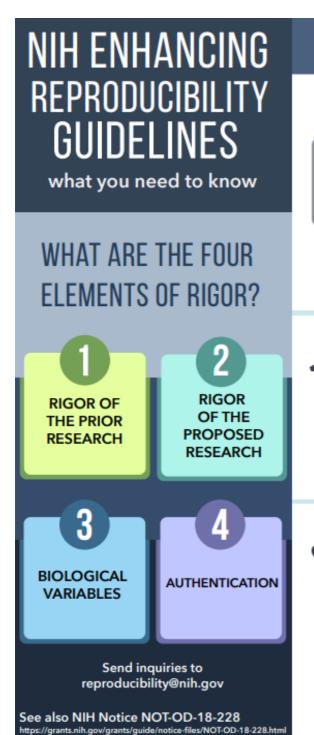
Analytical code

Related software

Verify data is accurately represented

# Why Research Reproducibility

- Evidence that results from experiment/study are objective
- Address possible bias in reported results
- Used in decision-making creating risk of potential harm
  - Patient care
  - Public health
  - Engineering
  - Environmental health
- Avoid reliance on invalid research/data
- NIH grant applications address rigor & reproducibility
  - Old language: scientific premise
  - New language: rigor of prior research (1/25/19)



#### WHERE IN THE APPLICATION?

1 RESEARCH STRATEGY

The research strategy is where you discuss the significance, innovation, and approach of your research plan. Let's look at an R01, for example:



- The research strategy guidelines require that you:

   Describe the strengths and weaknesses in the rigor of the prior research that serves as key support.
- Describe plans to address weaknesses in the rigor of the prior research.
- Describe how your experimental design and methods will achieve robust and unbiased results.
- Explain how relevant biological variables, such as sex, are factored into research designs and analyses.

#### ATTACHMENT FOR AUTHENTICATION OF KEY BIOLOGICAL AND/OR CHEMICAL RESOURCES

You must briefly describe methods to ensure the identity and validity of key biological and/or chemical resources used in the proposed studies.

These include, but are not limited to:

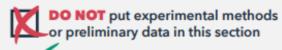


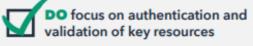
**3** REVIEW GUIDELINES

Here are the additional criteria the reviewers will be asked to use:

- Is the prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project rigorous?
- Have the investigators included plans to address weaknesses in the rigor of prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project?
- Have the investigators presented strategies to ensure a robust and unbiased approach, as appropriate for the work proposed?
- Have the investigators presented adequate plans to address relevant biological variables, such as sex, for studies in vertebrate animals or human subjects?

Standard laboratory reagents that are not expected to vary do not need to be included in the plan. Examples are buffers and other common biologicals or chemicals.







Reviewers will also be asked to comment on that new attachment (see Update 2)!

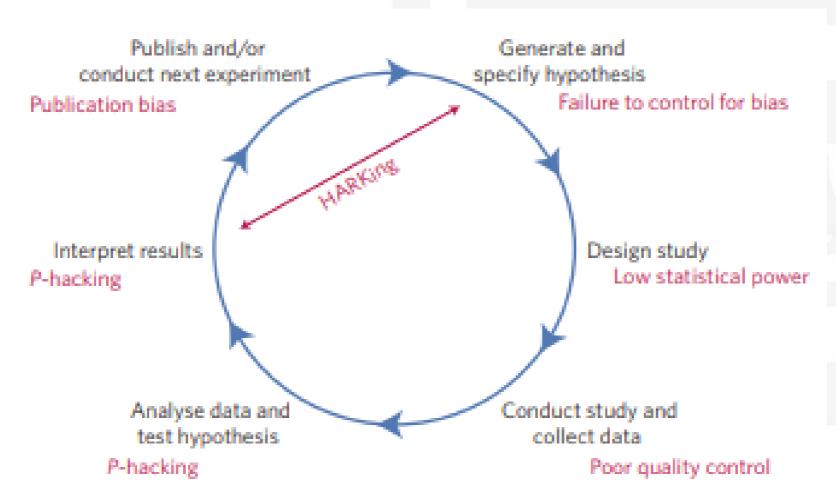
https://grants.nih.gov/policy/reproducibility/guidance.htm

#### Enhancing Reproducibility in NIH Applications: Resource Chart

NIH Grants Policy Website: <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/reproducibility/index.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/reproducibility/index.htm</a>
NIH Website: <a href="https://www.nih.gov/research-training/rigor-reproducibility">https://www.nih.gov/research-training/rigor-reproducibility</a>

4 AREAS OF FOCUS	WHAT DOES IT MEAN?	WHERE SHOULD IT BE INCLUDED IN THE APPLICATION?
Rigor of the Prior Research	A careful assessment of the <b>rigor of the prior research</b> that serves as the key support for a proposed project will help applicants identify any weaknesses or gaps in the line of research.  Describe the strengths and weaknesses in the rigor of the prior research (both published and unpublished) that serves as the key support for the proposed project.  Describe plans to address weaknesses in the rigor of the prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project  *See related FAQs, blog post	Research Strategy ➤ Significance ➤ Approach
Scientific Rigor (Design)	Scientific rigor is the strict application of the scientific method to ensure robust and unbiased experimental design, methodology, analysis, interpretation and reporting of results.  Emphasize how the experimental design and methods proposed will achieve robust and unbiased results.  *See related FAQs, blog post, examples from pilots	Research Strategy  Approach
Biological Variables	Biological variables, such as sex, age, weight, and underlying health conditions, are often critical factors affecting health or disease. In particular, sex is a biological variable that is frequently ignored in animal study designs and analyses, leading to an incomplete understanding of potential sex-based differences in basic biological function, disease processes and treatment response.  Explain how relevant biological variables, such as the ones noted above, are factored into research designs, analyses, and reporting in vertebrate animal and human studies. Strong justification from the scientific literature, preliminary data or other relevant considerations must be provided for applications proposing to study only one sex.  *See related FAQs, blog posts, article ©	Research Strategy  Approach
Authentication	Key biological and/or chemical resources include, but are not limited to, cell lines, specialty chemicals, antibodies and other biologics.  Briefly describe methods to ensure the identity and validity of key biological and/or chemical resources used in the proposed studies. These resources may or may not have been generated with NIH funds and:  • may differ from laboratory to laboratory or over time;  • may have qualities and/or qualifications that could influence the research data;  • are integral to the proposed research.  The authentication plan should state in one page or less how you will authenticate key resources, including the frequency, as needed for your research. Note: Do not include authentication data in your plan.  *See related FAQs, blog post, examples	Other Research Plan Section  Include as an attachment  Do not include in the Research Strategy.

# Data Reproducibility Challenges: Research Life Cycle



P- hacking: making data "fit" desired outcomes

A manifesto for reproducible science

Marcus R. Munafò, Brian A. Nosek, Dorothy V. M. Bishop, Katherine S. Button, Christopher D. Chambers, Nathalie Percie du Sert, Uri Simonsohn, Eric-Jan Wagenmakers, Jennifer J. Ware & John P. A. Ioannidis Nature Human Behaviour volume 1, Article number: 0021 (2017)

# Data Reproducibility: Disciplinary Practice

Degree of determinism

Signal to measurement-error ratio

Complexity of designs and measurement tools

Closeness of fit between hypothesis and exper imental design or data

Statistical or analytic methods to test hypotheses

Typical heterogeneity of experimental results

Culture of replication, transparency, and cumu lating knowledge

Statistical criteria for truth claims

Purposes to which findings will be put and consequences of false conclusions Robustness

"stability of experimental conclusions to variations"

Generalizibility

"persistence of effect in settings different from experimental framework"

 Publishing Experimental Design

> Level of detail required or typical for different fields or journals

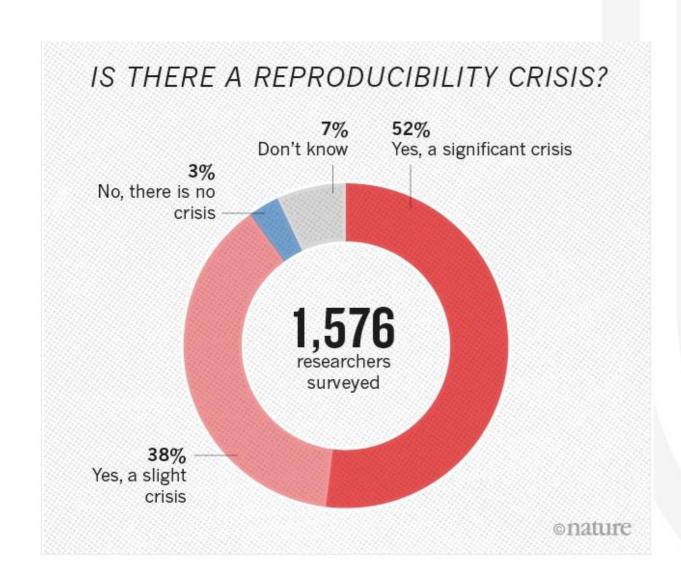
WHAT DOES RESEARCH REPRODUCIBILITY MEAN?
STEVEN N. GOODMAN\*, DANIELE FANELLI AND JOHN P. A. IOANNIDIS

# Scope of Problem: Health Sciences

Table 1. Examples of Some Reported Reproducibility Concerns in Preclinical Studies			
Author	Field	Reported Concerns	
oannidis et al (2009) <sup>22</sup>	Microarray data	16/18 studies unable to be reproduced in principle from raw data	
Baggerly et al (2009) <sup>23</sup>	Microarray data	Multiple; insufficient data/poor documentation	
Sena et al (2010) <sup>24</sup>	Stroke animal studies	Overt publication bias: only 2% of the studies were negative	
Prinz (2011) <sup>1</sup>	General biology	75% to 80% of 67 studies were not reproduced	
egley & Ellis (2012) <sup>2</sup>	Oncology	90% of 53 studies were not reproduced	
lekrutenko & aylor(2012) <sup>25</sup>	NGS data access	26/50 no access to primary data sets/software	
Perrin (2014) <sup>26</sup>	Mouse, in-vivo	0/100 reported treatments repeated positive in studies of ALS	
silidis et al (2013) <sup>27</sup>	Neurological studies	Too many significant results, overt selective reporting bias	

Begley, C. G. & Ioannidis, J. P. Reproducibility in science: improving the standard for basic and preclinical research. Circ. Res. 116, 116–126 (2015).

# Scope of Problem: Science Researchers



## Disciplines Represented

- Biology
- Chemistry
- Physics
- Medicine
- Environmental Sciences

Baker, M. 1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility. Nature 533, 452–454 (2016).

# Scope of Problem: Social Sciences

- 21 high-powered replications of social science experiments
  - Failed to replicate results of more than a third of the studies
  - significantly weaker evidence for remainder compared to original studies

Testing the reproducibility of social science research

https://penntoday.upenn.edu/news/testing-reproducibility-social-science-research

- The Reproducibility Project: Psychology
  - Replicate effects of 100 psychology studies
  - 97% of original studies produced statistically significant results
  - only 36% of the replication studies did

Jeffrey R. Stevens. Replicability and Reproducibility in Comparative Psychology, Front. Psychol., 26 May 2017 | <a href="https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2017.00862">https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2017.00862</a>

# Data Reproducibility Initiatives in the Health Sciences and Social Sciences

Pre-registering studies

CENTER FOR —
OPEN SCIENCE

- Registered Reports
  - Conduct peer review prior to data collection
  - Provisionally accepted for publication if authors follow through
  - I62 journals participate with submission option/special issue

# BMC Biology BMC Ecology BMC Medicine BMJ Open Science Brain and Behavior British Journal of Clinical Psychology British Journal of Developmental Psychology British Journal of Educational Psychology British Journal of Health Psychology

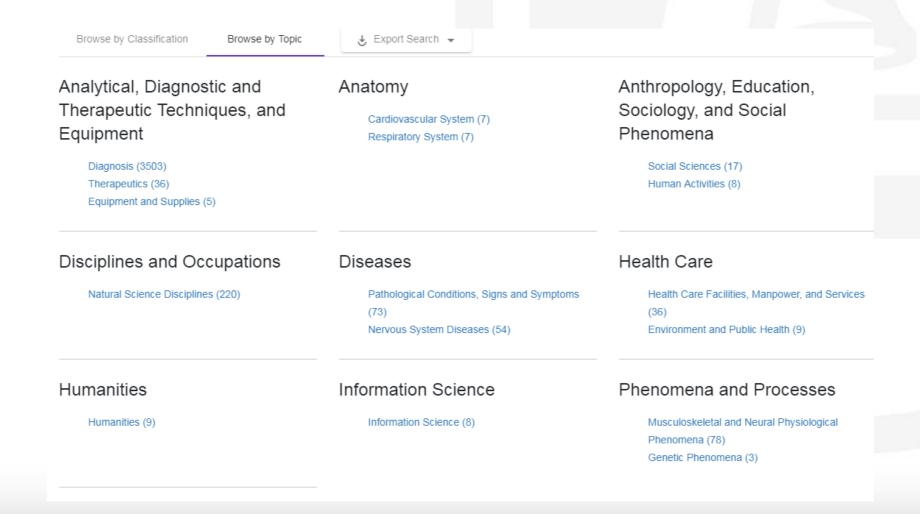


https://cos.io/rr/

- NIH Common Data Elements (CDE) Repository
  - Defines data elements required/recommended
    - NIH Institutes and other organizations
    - Includes data collection forms

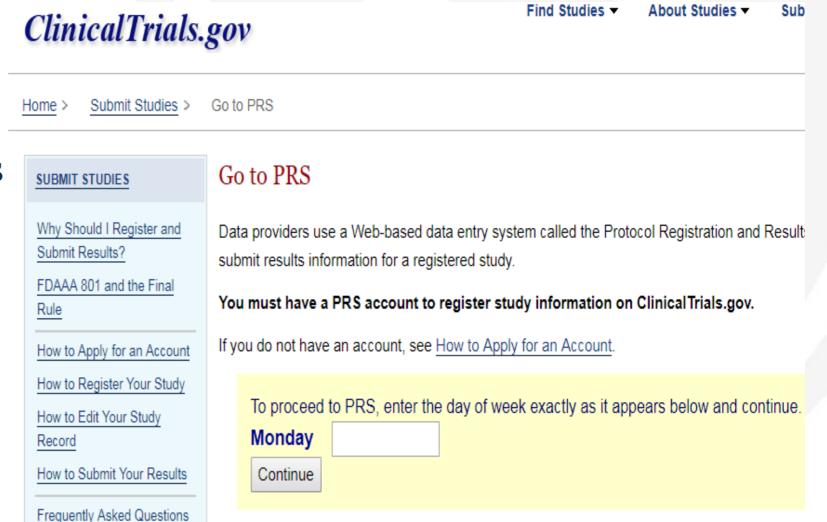


https://cde.nlm.nih.gov/



- Data Management Guidelines/Plans
  - NIH Data Sharing Policy (2003)
    - Data Questions
      - (1) What data will be shared?
      - (2) Who will have access to the data?
      - (3) Where will the data to be shared be located?
      - (4) When will the data be shared?
      - (5) How will researchers locate and access the data?
  - NSF Data Management Plan (2011)
    - Biological Sciences
    - Computer and Information Science
    - Education and Human Resources
    - Mathematical and Physical Sciences
    - Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences

- Clinical Trials Registration and Results Information Submission (2017)
- Required reporting data
  - Participant flow
  - Baseline characteristics
  - Outcome measures
  - Adverse events



# FAIR Principles

#### What is FAIR DATA?



Data and supplementary materials have sufficiently rich metadata and a unique and persistent identifier.

**FINDABLE** 



Metadata and data are understandable to humans and machines. Data is deposited in a trusted repository.

ACCESSIBLE



Metadata use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.

INTEROPERABLE

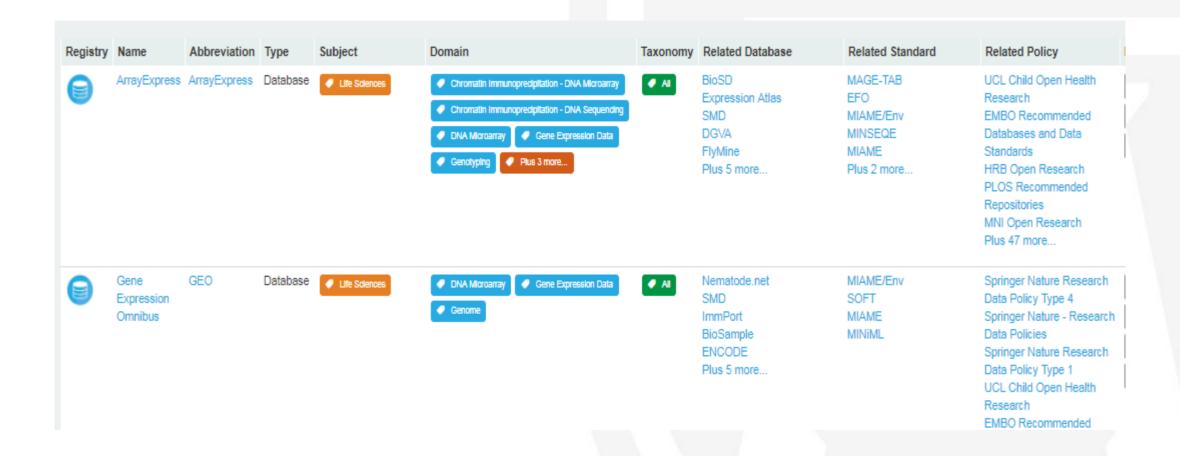


Data and collections have a clear usage licenses and provide accurate information on provenance.

REUSABLE

https://libereurope.eu/wp-content/uploads/2017/12/LIBER-FAIR-Data.pdf





In the following recommendations:











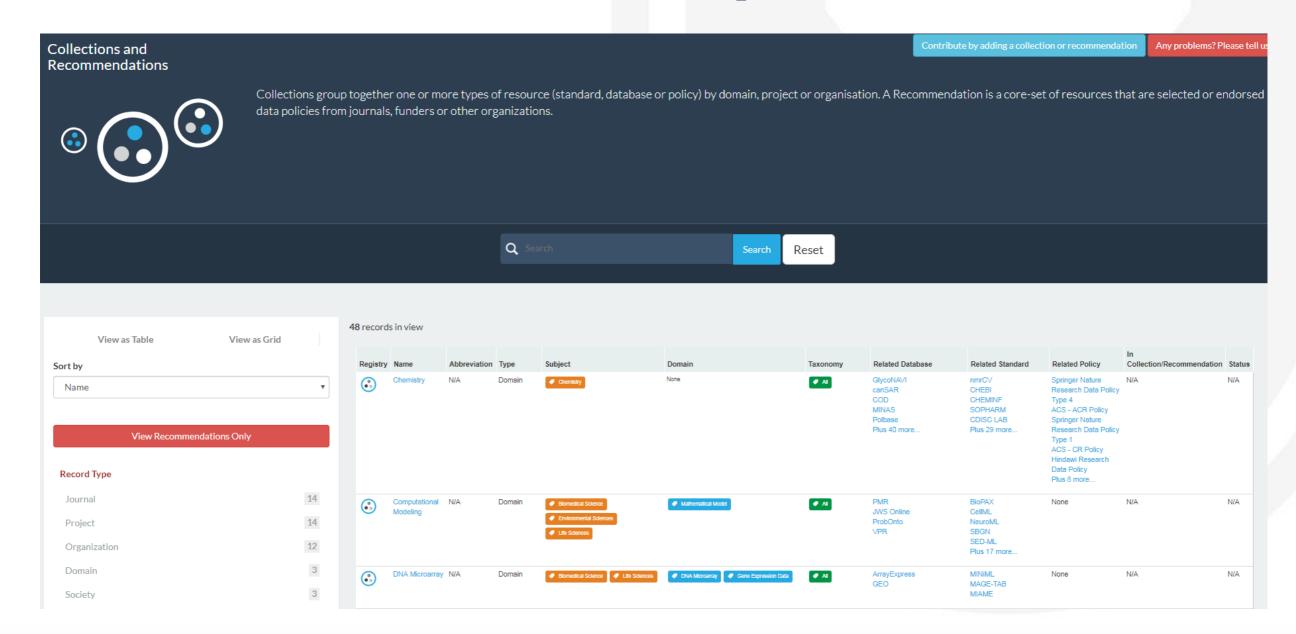








- Resource for data and metadata standards
- Inter-related to databases and data policies



# Research Reproducibility Initiatives – Science Data Journals

## SCIENTIFIC DATA

- Data Descriptor articles
- New or published studies
- Prior published with new content
- published fully open access.
- Peer review process



- Health datasets with
- High reuse potential
- Archived, preserved, and openly available

- Title (110 characters maximum, including whitespaces)
- Abstract (170 words maximum, no references)
- Background & Summary (700 words maximum)
- Methods (unlimited length)
- · Data Records (unlimited length)
- · Technical Validation (unlimited length)
- Usage Notes (unlimited length)
- References
- Figures (generally no more than three per manuscript)
- · Tables (generally no more than ten per manuscript)

#### Licence

PhARaoH requires new users to register and agree to the conditions of use which can be found at http://www.lboro.ac.uk/research/mi-

lab/research/pharaoh/pharaohconditionsofuse/. Instructions for distribution to third parties are also outlined.

#### Accessibility criteria

Visit the PhARaoH webpage at http://www.lboro.ac.uk/research/mi-lab/research/pharaoh/.

#### Repository location

Data is available upon request from Movement Insights Lab at

http://www.lboro.ac.uk/research/mi-lab/research/pharaoh/pharaohconditionsofuse/.

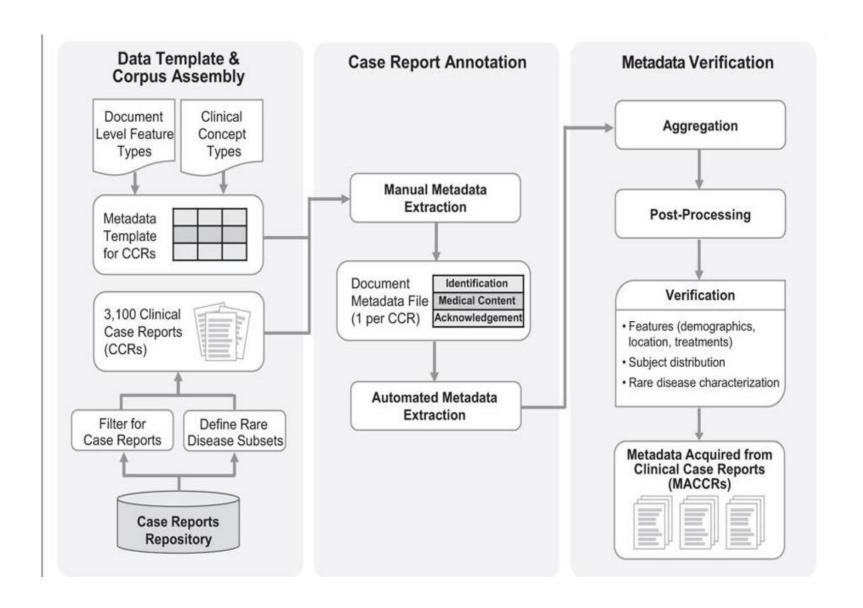
Manuscripts are required to be sent to the PhARaoH study team before submission to peer review journals.



#### A reference set of curated biomedical data and metadata from clinical case reports

J. Harry Caufield, Yijiang Zhou, Anders O. Garlid, Shaun P. Setty, David A. Liem, Quan Cao, Jessica M. Lee, Sanjana Murali, Sarah Spendlove, Wei Wang, Li Zhang, Yizhou Sun, Alex Bui, Henning Hermjakob, Karol E. Watson & Peipei Ping ™

Scientific Data 5, Article number: 180258 (2018) | Download Citation ±



## Science Data Repositories

# NIH Data Repositories

- NIH-supported data repositories for data reuse
- Data from NIH-funded investigators (and others)
- Portal resources for information about biomedical data
- Single discipline, subject focused, or multidisciplinary

ICO	Repository Name 🍦	Repository Description	Data Submission Policy	Access to Data	Current NIH funding support	Open data submission	Open data access	Open time frame for data deposit
Common Fund	<u>Epigenomics</u>	Epigenomic, 6 histone modification marks, DNAse I, DNA methylation, transcriptome for wide variety of cell types and tissues.	Not applicable	How to access Epigenomics data	No	No	Yes	No
Common Fund	exRNA Atlas	Includes exRNA profiles derived from various biofluids and conditions and currently stores data profiled from small RNA sequencing assays.	Not applicable	How to access exRNA Atlas data	Yes	No	Yes	No
Common Fund	GTEX	The Genotype-Tissue Expression (GTEx) project aims to provide to the scientific community a resource with which to study human gene expression and regulation and its relationship to genetic variation. This project will collect and analyze multiple human tissues from donors who are also densely genotyped, to assess genetic variation within their genomes. By analyzing global RNA expression within individual tissues and treating the expression levels of genes as quantitative traits, variations in gene expression that are highly correlated with genetic variation can be identified as expression quantitative trait loci, or eQTLs.	Project data only	How to access GTEx data	Yes	No	Yes	No
Common Fund	HMP DACC	The HMP DACC is a common repository for diverse human microbiome datsets and minimum reporting standards for the Common Fund Human Microbiome Project (HMP).	Project data only	How to access HMP DACC data	No	No	Yes	No
Common Fund	Illuminating Druggable Genome	The goal of the Illuminating the Druggable Genome (IDG) program is to improve our understanding of the properties and functions of proteins that are currently unannotated within the three most commonly drugtargeted protein families: G-protein coupled receptors, ion channels, and protein kinases.	Project data only	How to access IDG data	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Common Fund	International Mouse Phenotyping Consortium (IMPC)	Phenotype data on knockout mouse lines.	How to submit data to IMPC	How to access IMPC data	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

# NIH Data Repositories: Portal

- Immunology Database and Analysis Portal
  - Analysis tools
  - Publication links
  - Resource links



Published by THE LANCET

Available online 27 December 2018 open access

In Press, Corrected Proof (?)



Development and validation of an immune gene-set based Prognostic signature in ovarian cancer

Sipeng Shen <sup>a, b, c, 1</sup>, Guanrong Wang <sup>d, 1</sup>, Ruyang Zhang <sup>a, b, c</sup>, Yang Zhao <sup>a, b, c</sup>, Hao Yu <sup>c</sup>, Yongyue Wei <sup>a, b, c</sup>, Feng Chen <sup>a, b, c</sup> ス 暦

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https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ebiom.2018.12.054

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#### Abstract

#### Background

Ovarian cancer (OV) is the most lethal gynecological cancer in women. We aim to develop a generalized, individualized immune prognostic signature that can stratify and predict overall survival for ovarian cancer.

#### Methods

The gene expression profiles of ovarian cancer tumor tissue samples were collected from 17 public cohorts, including 2777 cases totally. Single sample gene set enrichment (ssGSEA) analysis was used for the immune genes from ImmPort database to develop an immune-based prognostic score for OV (IPSOV). The signature was trained and validated in six independent datasets (n = 519, 409, 606, 634, 415, 194).



ImmPort is funded by the NIH, NIAID and DAIT in support of the NIH mission to share data with the public. Data shared through ImmPort has been provided by NIH-funded programs, other research organizations and individual scientists ensuring these discoveries will be the foundation of future research.



#### Private Data

Upload Validator Search



#### Shared Date

Data Model Search/Download Gene Lists



#### **Data Analysis**

Analysis Workflow Automated Clustering Tutorials



#### Resource

Tutorials Documentation Publications



immuneXpresso

immuneXpresso (iX) allows to learn about reported literature interactions between various cell types and regulatory molecules (cytokines chemokines).

# NIH Data Repositories: IMMPort

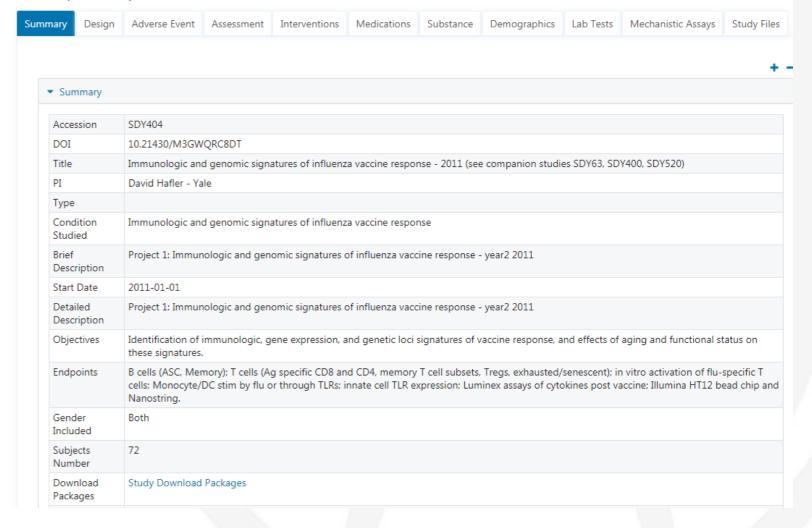
- Create account
- Meets journal standards
- Data sharing & access agreement required

#### ■ Data Summary

#### 1 Updated: January 2019, Version: DR29

Studies	361
Subjects	54258
Protocols	1504
Experiments	1535
Total Results	1827675
ELISA Results	247278
ELISPOT Results	69709
Flow Cytometry Results	933214
Gene Expression Results	125302
HAI Results	22592
HLA Typing Results	71294
Multiplex Results	337184
Neutralizing Antibody Results	21102

SDY404 - Immunologic and genomic signatures of influenza vaccine response - 2011 (see companion studies SD\ SDY400, SDY520)



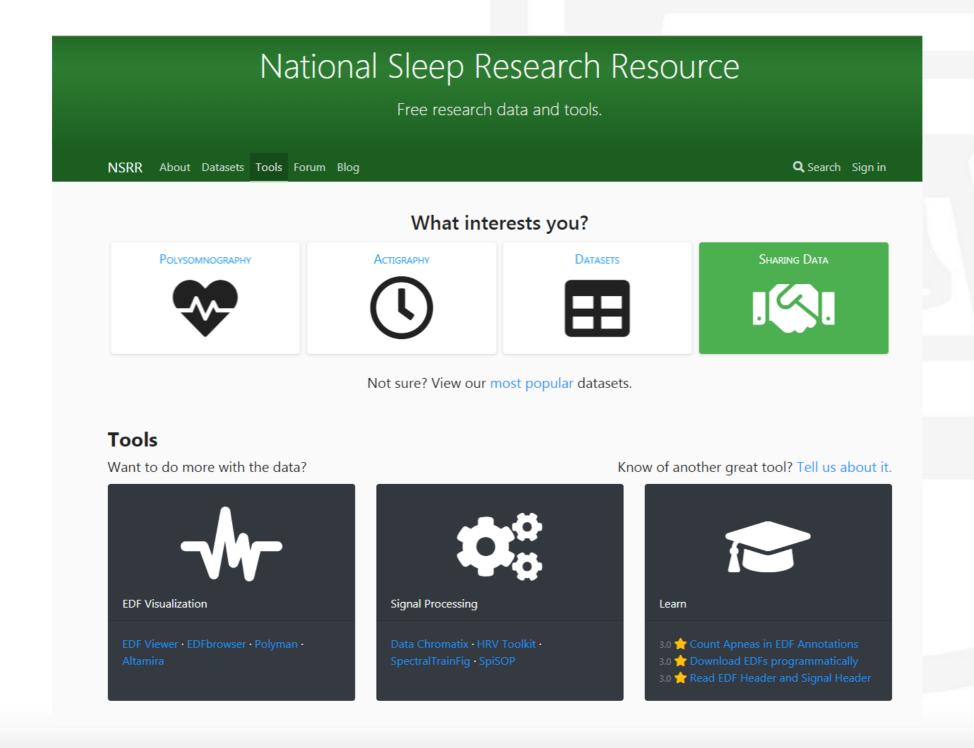
#### Sponsored by:

- National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)
- National Institutes of Health (NIH)
- · Health and Human Services (HHS)

Nature Scientific Data's Recommended Data Repository Cytometry & Immunology PLOS ONE Recommended Data Repository

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# NIH Data Repositories



#### **About**

The Sleep Heart Health Study (SHHS) is a multi-center cohort study implemented by the National Heart Lung & Blood Institute to determine the cardiovascular and other consequences of sleep-disordered breathing. It tests whether sleep-related breathing is associated with an increased risk of coronary heart disease, stroke, all cause mortality, and hypertension. In all, 6,441 men and women aged 40 years and older were enrolled between November 1, 1995 and January 31, 1998 to take part in SHHS Visit 1. During exam cycle 3 (January 2001- June 2003), a second polysomnogram (SHHS Visit 2) was obtained in 3,295 of the participants. CVD Outcomes data were monitored and adjudicated by parent cohorts between baseline and 2011. More than 130 manuscripts have been published investigating predictors and outcomes of sleep disorders. Click here for a full description of SHHS.

Read more about SHHS at ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT00005275).

#### Data overview

#### /datasets (introduction)

Core data from SHHS Visit 1 and Visit 2, as well as longitudinal CVD Outcomes tracking.

#### /polysomnography (introduction)

Overnight polysomnography (PSG) data from SHHS Visit 1 and Visit 2.

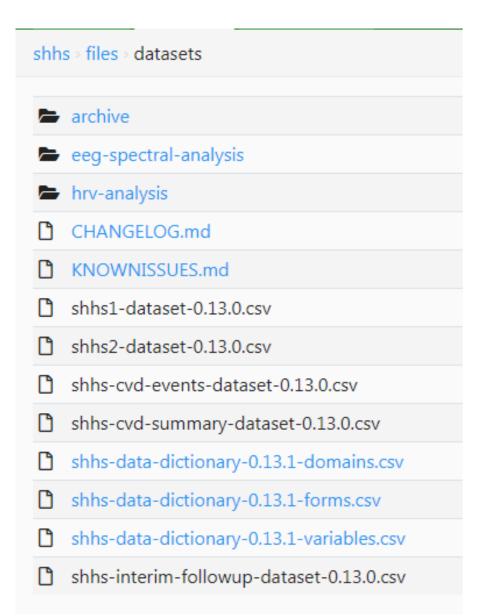
#### Protocols and manuals

- SHHS1 Protocol
- SHHS1 Manual of Operations
- SHHS1 Forms
- SHHS2 Protocol
- SHHS2 Manual of Operations
- SHHS2 Forms
- SHHS CVD Outcomes Protocol
- Sleep Reading Center Manual of Operations

#### SHHS

#### mop

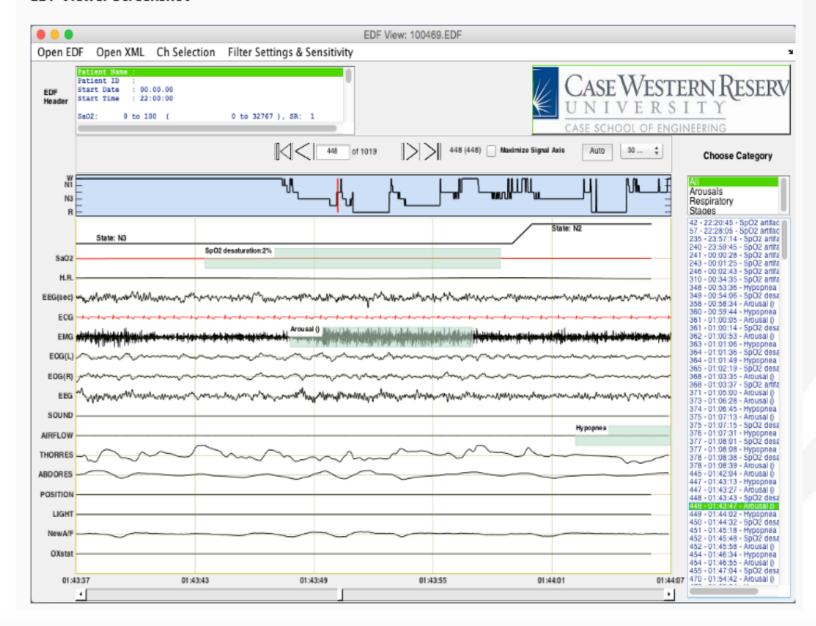
- 03-data-analysis-tip-sheet....
- 1 04-dataset-introduction.md
- 05-polysomnography-intro...
- 06-reliability-shhs1.md
- 07-reliability-shhs2.md
- 08-equipment-shhs1.md
- 09-equipment-shhs2.md
- 10-montage-and-sampling...
- 11-montage-and-sampling...
- 12-eeg-spectral-analysis.md
- 13-hrv-analysis.md
- CHANGELOG.md
- PUBLICATIONS.md
- README.md
- full-description.md



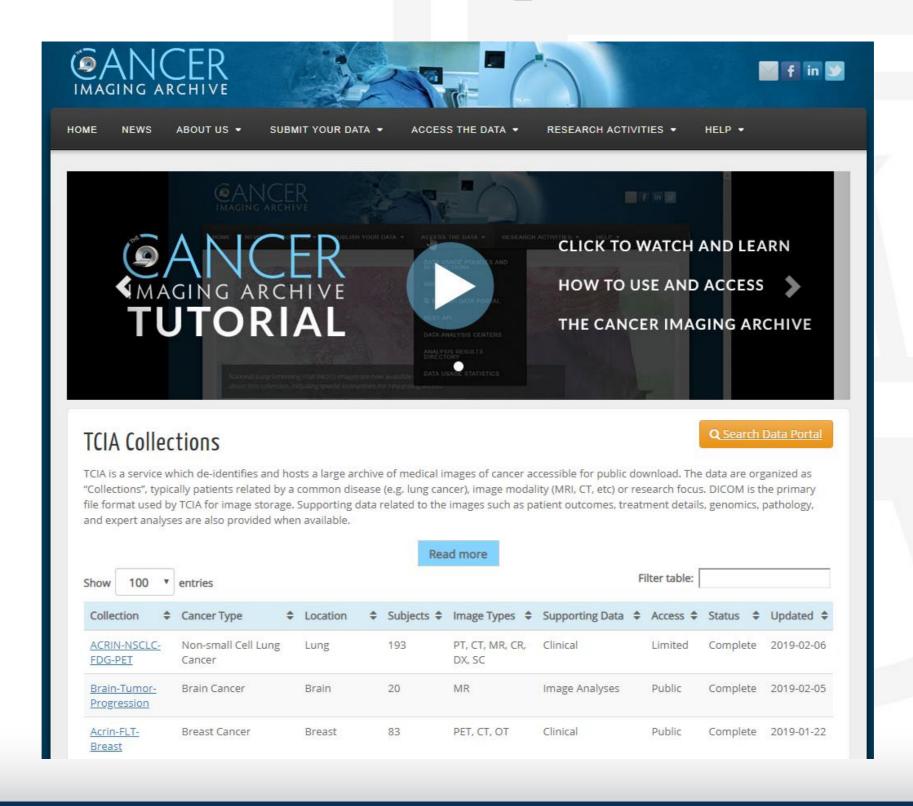
#### Study Files And Documentation

**Need EDFs?** The Sleep Portal Viewer can open files provided by NSRR datasets, specifically, take a look at the SHHS File Downloads!

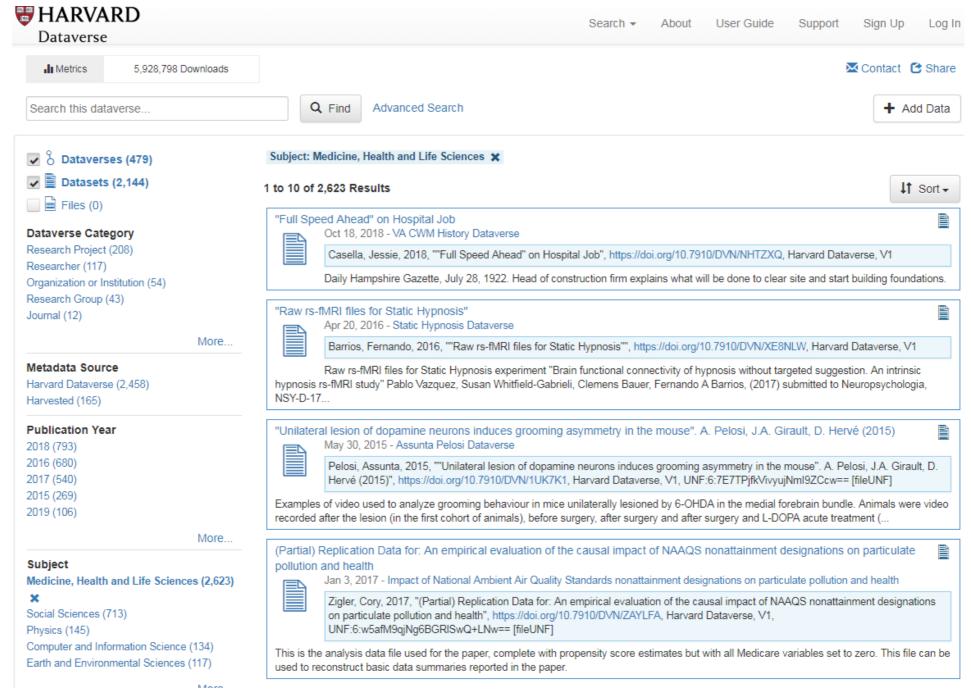
#### **EDF Viewer Screenshot**



# NIH Data Repositories



# Data Repositories: Multidisciplinary



https://dataverse.harvard.edu/

#### Static Hypnosis Dataverse (Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México)

Harvard Dataverse > Static Hypnosis Dataverse > "Raw rs-fMRI files for Static Hypnosis"

Metrics

13 Downloads



#### "Raw rs-fMRI files for Static Hypnosis" Version 1.1

Barrios, Fernando, 2016, ""Raw rs-fMRI files for Static Hypnosis"", https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/XE8NLW, Harvard Dataverse. V1

Cite Dataset ▼

6 Learn about Data Citation Standards.

Description

Raw rs-fMRI files for Static Hypnosis experiment "Brain functional connectivity of hypnosis without targeted suggestion. An intrinsic hypnosis rs-fMRI study" Pablo Vazquez, Susan Whitfield-Gabrieli, Clemens Bauer, Fernando A Barrios, (2017) submitted to Neuropsychologia, NSY-D-17-00846R2. Minimum data set, 5 females and 5 males highly hypnotizable subjects according to the Stanford test. Raw resting state fMRI data in two conditions control alert state and hypnotic state regular ayes closed. (2016-04-20)

Subject

Medicine, Health and Life Sciences

Keyword

rs-fMRI

Notes

Data base in BIDS structure, file list in the filelist file, all structural images have been "defaced" with pydeface (https://github.com/poldracklab/pydeface data acquisition and experimental conditions are in the Neuropychologia article under

revision. Complete dataset will be deposited at the INDI database

http://fcon\_1000.projects.nitrc.org/indi/pro/unam\_barrios\_hypnosis\_index.html

Files

Metadata

Terms

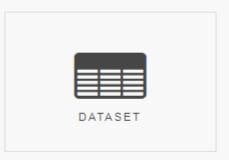
Versions



Clinical features of papillary or follicular thyroid cancer with bone ...

Jen-Der Lin v

09/03/2017



The distribution of bone metastases in patients with bladder cancer.

Ping Huang v

13/09/2017



The risk factors for detecting bone metastases in patients with bladde...

Ping Huang v

13/09/2017

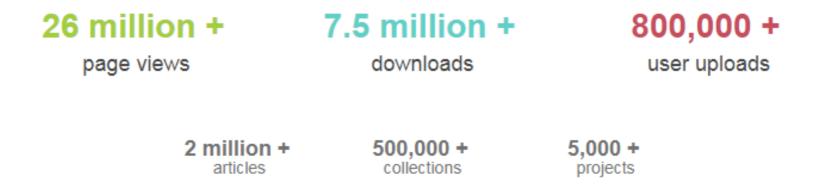
	A	Ь	L
1	Clinical Characteristic	All Patients	Cancer Mortality vs. Non-cancer N
2	Clinical Characteristic	All I dielles	Cancer Mortality
3	Patient number	131 (100.0)	88 (67.2)
4	Group A	90 (68.7)	69 (76.7%)
5	Group B	41 (31.3)	19 (46.3%)
6	Gender, Female	94 (71.8)	68 (77.3)
7	Age at diagnosis (year)	57.4 ± 15.0	60.5 ± 13.1
8	Mean tumor size (cm)	4.1 ± 2.	4.7 ± 3.3
9	Median post-operative serum Tg level after 1 month (ng/mL)	300	472
10	(range)	(0.0–141970.0)	(1.4–141970.0)
11	Multifocality	15 (11.5)	9 (10.2)
12	Operative method		
13	Total thyroidectomy	87 (66.4)	56 (63.6)
14	Less than total thyroidectomy	44 (33.6)	32 (36.4)



# Open Data Repository

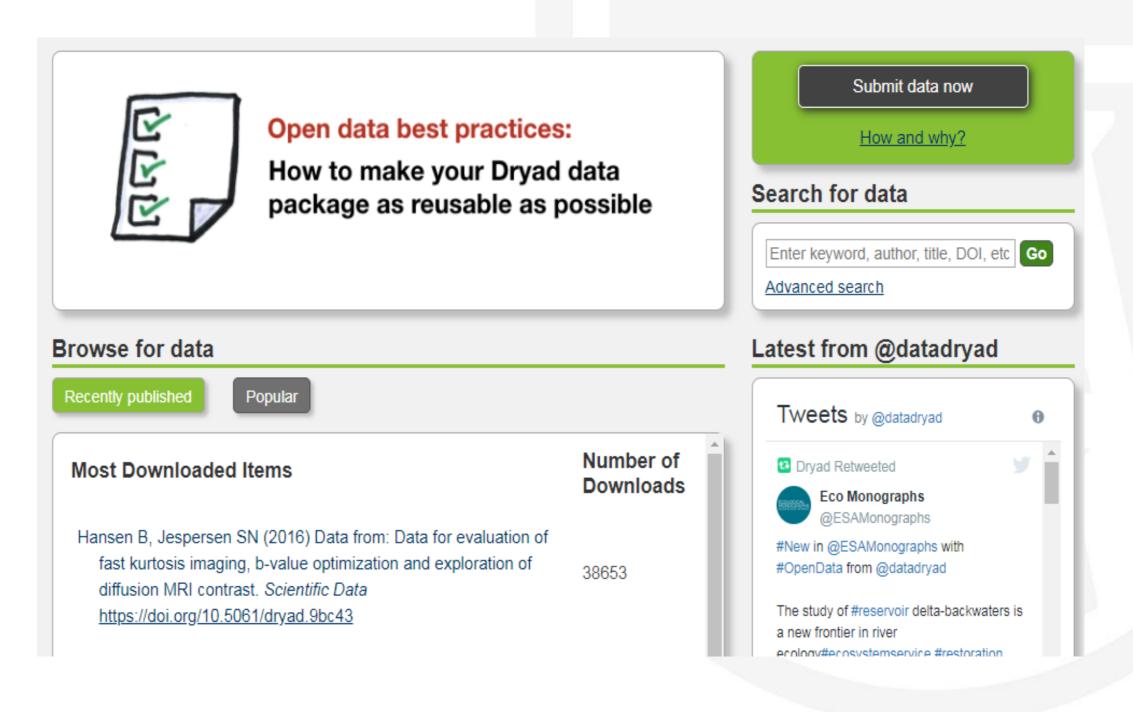
- figshare
  - Data sets and meta data
  - Scholarly presentations/articles
  - Limit to dataset in results

FIGSHARE PROVED TO BE A GOOD IDEA. SINCE 2012 WE HAVE OFFERED...



https://figshare.com

# Dryad: Journal Publication Data



#### Look up your journal

Show all amounts in USD\$ ▼

Dryad welcomes data submissions associated with any published article. We work with journals to integrate article submission with data submission, thus streamlining the process, as well as encourage partners to sponsor their authors' <u>Data Publishing Charges</u> (DPCs). All journals with integrated data submission and/or sponsored DPCs are listed below.

The Data Publishing Charge is \$120. If you see an organization listed under "Payment" below, the DPC is covered. In addition, our <u>institutional sponsors</u> fund submissions by their affiliated researchers.

For large data packages (over 20GB), submitters will be charged \$50 for each additional 10GB, or part thereof, beyond 20GB. (Packages between 20 and 30GB = \$50, between 30 and 40GB = \$100, and so on).

Data from: Increased soluble IL-7 receptor concentrations associate with improved IL-7 therapy outcomes in SIVinfected ART-treated Rhesus macaques



Steele AK, Carrasco-Medina L, Sodora DL, Crawley AM

Date Published: December 22, 2017

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.72c40

#### Files in this package

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Title	Raw data for online upload
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Data Reproducibility Components and Challenges in the Arts and Humanities

## Scope of Problem: Arts and Humanities

- What does data mean?
  - My work is not data (Thoegersen, 2018; Buys and Shaw, 2015)
  - Object itself
  - Details collected from the object
- Is data reproducibility even possible? (Peels, 2019)

## Data Reproducibility Components

Health Sciences, Social Sciences, Arts and Humanities

- Sharing analytical data sets (accessibility)
- Relevant metadata
- Analytical code
- · Related software
- Verify data is accurately represented

#### Also:

- Attribution
  - Copyright/Licensing
  - Citation

#### Data Copyright

- Data is considered *discoverable fact* and therefore **not under copyright** in the U.S. (https://www.copyright.gov/docs/regstat092303.html)
  - Compilations are under copyright, but must meet certain requirements
    - patents
    - trademarks
    - trade secrets
- So, how can I protect my data? → How do I get credit for my data?
  - Obtain a license to grant permissions on its reusability
    - Creative Commons Zero (CC0)

#### Data Citation Principles



#### 1. Importance

Data should be considered legitimate, citable products of research. Data citations should be accorded the same importance in the scholarly record as citations of other research objects, such as publications[1].

#### 2. Credit and Attribution

Data citations should facilitate giving scholarly credit and normative and legal attribution to all contributors to the data, recognizing that a single style or mechanism of attribution may not be applicable to all data[2].

#### 3. Evidence

In scholarly literature, whenever and wherever a claim relies upon data, the corresponding data should be cited[3].

#### 4. Unique Identification

A data citation should include a persistent method for identification that is machine actionable, globally unique, and widely used by a community[4].

#### 5. Access

Data citations should facilitate access to the data themselves and to such associated metadata, documentation, code, and other materials, as are necessary for both humans and machines to make informed use of the referenced data[5].

#### 6. Persistence

Unique identifiers, and metadata describing the data, and its disposition, should persist -- even beyond the lifespan of the data they describe[6].

#### 7. Specificity and Verifiability

Data citations should facilitate identification of, access to, and verification of the specific data that support a claim. Citations or citation metadata should include information about provenance and fixity sufficient to facilitate verifying that the specific timeslice, version and/or granular portion of data retrieved subsequently is the same as was originally cited[7].

#### 8. Interoperability and Flexibility

Data citation methods should be sufficiently flexible to accommodate the variant practices among communities, but should not differ so much that they compromise interoperability of data citation practices across communities[8].

https://www.force11.org/datacitationprinciples

#### Data Citation

Principle 2
- Credit and
Attribution:
Such as authors,
repositories or
other distributors
and contributors.

— Author(s), Year, Dataset Title,
 Global Persistent Identifier, →
 — Data Repository or Archive,
 Version

or Handle, that provides access to metadata.

Principles 4, 5, 6

Unique Identification,

Access, Persistence:

identifier, such as a DOI

A unique, persistent

Principle 7 - Specificity and verification: Such as the specific version used. Versioning or timeslice information should be supplied with any updated or dynamic dataset.

#### Data Citation

#### Painters network

Michael Kitromilidis, Tim Evans & Tim S. Evans

Fileset published 2019 via Figshare

Data associated with paper: "Community detection with metadata in a network of influence between painters"



66 Cite

#### Painters network

APA

Harvard

MLA

Vancouver

Chicago

IEEE

BibTeX

RIS

Kitromilidis, M., Evans, T., & Evans, T. S. (2019). Painters network. Figshare. https://doi.org/10.6084/M9.FIGSHARE.5419216

Copy to Clipboard

# Data Reproducibility Initiatives in the Arts and Humanities

## Research Reproducibility Initiatives

- Open Government Plans
  - Publishing grant award information online for public access
  - Requiring data management plans for some grant applications
  - Requiring the research that derives from grant funding be made openly accessible







## Research Reproducibility Initiatives

- Data Management Plans
  - Types of data produced
  - Data preservation and storage
  - Mechanism for sharing data
  - Timeline for public data access

- NEH white papers post research
  - Data management challenges







# Research Reproducibility Initiatives – Humanities Data Journals



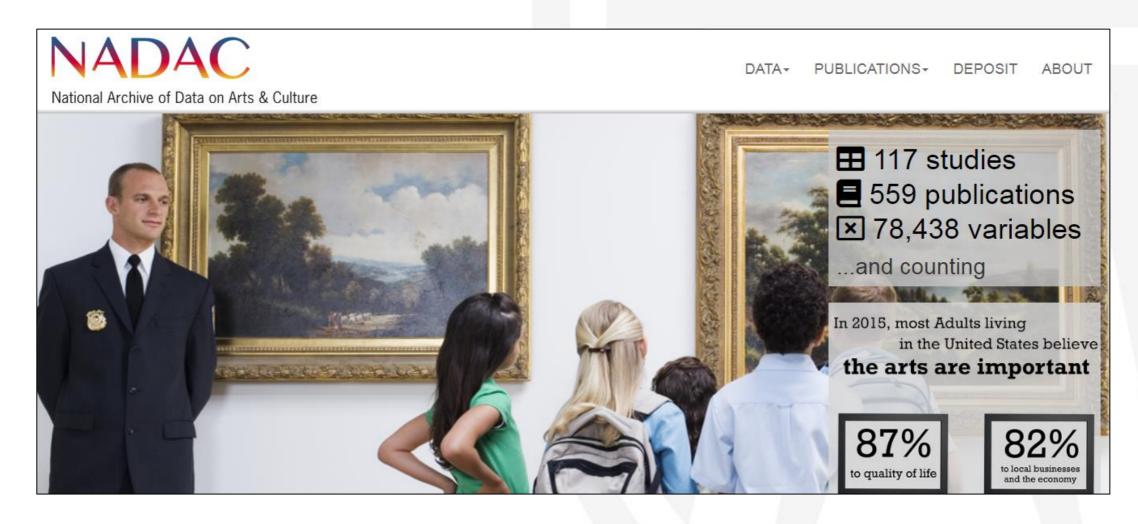
- Metapapers datasets with high reuse potential
- Full length research papers aspects or methods used to create, process, evaluate, or curate humanities data.
- Peer-reviewed, open access

#### **Open Access Policy**

Authors of articles published remain the copyright holders and grant third parties the right to use, reproduce, and share the article according to the Creative Commons license agreement.

Authors are encouraged to publish their data in recommended repositories. For a list of generic and subject specific repositories that meet our peer review criteria, see here.

Repositories for the Arts and Humanities



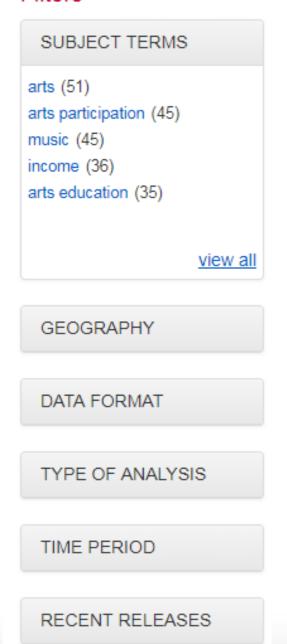
https://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/NADAC/index.jsp

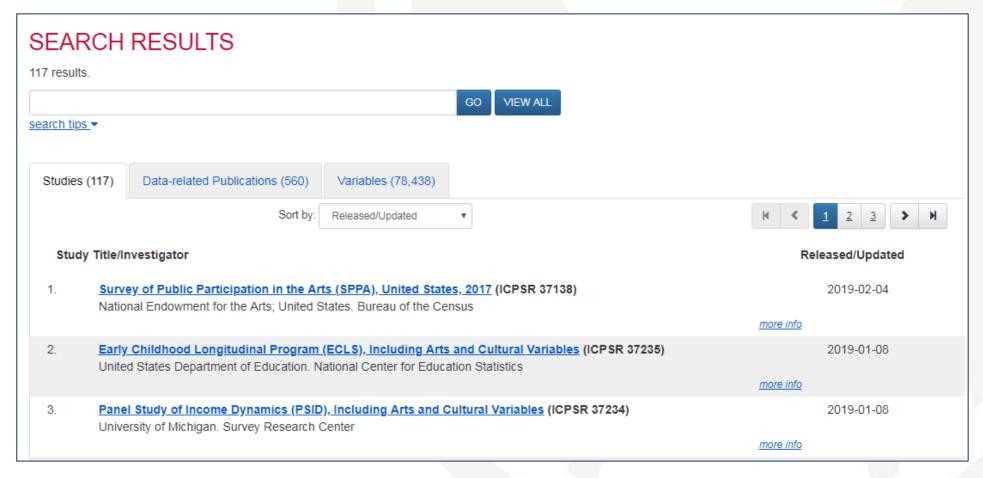
- Funded by NEA
  - openly accessible data
- Included in the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)

#### NADAC

#### Filters

National Archive of Data on Arts & Culture





- Data on the arts and its value and impact to the individual and community
- Data from projects funded by federal agencies and other organizations



#### Cultural Policy and the Arts National Data Archive

http://www.cpanda.org/cpanda/

- Data now included in NADAC but literature database remains active on cpanda site
- Data on the arts and cultural policy of the United States
- Funded by NEA
  - openly accessible data



Enter Search Term:	within All Fields ▼ and ▼	
Optional Second Term:	within All Fields ▼ and ▼	
Optional Third Term:	within All Fields ▼	
Limit by:		
Document Type: All materials ▼ Date: to ex: 1999		
al Analysis of the Ballet Data Collected in the 1982 and	Search	

Title: Public Participation in Classical Ballet: A Specia 1985 Survey of Public Participation in the Arts

Keegan, Carol Year: 1987

Document Type: book

Title: The finances of the performing arts, Volume 2: a survey of the characteristics and attitudes of audiences

for theater, opera, symphony, and ballet in 12 U.S. cities

Ford Foundation Year: 1974

Document Type: book

Title: Recruitment patterns: their impact on ballet and modern dance

Sussman, Leila Year: 1990

Document Type: article

Title: The Stories of Serenade: Nonprofit History and George Balanchine's "First Ballet in America" (CACPS)

Working Paper No. 46)

Steichen, James Year: 2012

Document Type: working paper/report

- Bibliographic database of literature pertaining to cultural policy
  - strong emphasis on empirical data collected on culture and the arts

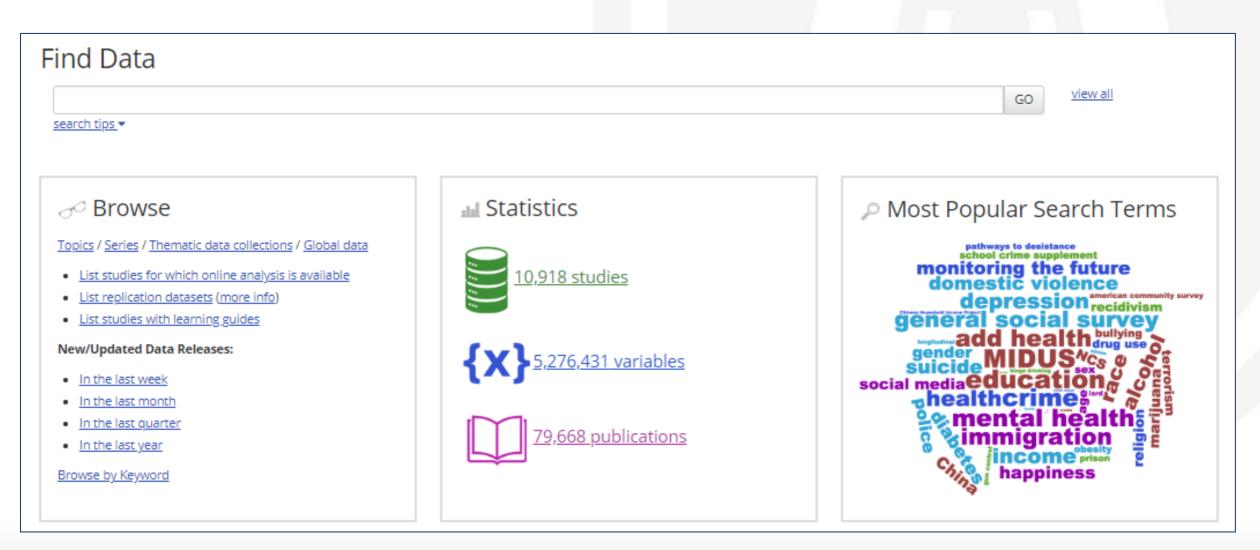
Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)

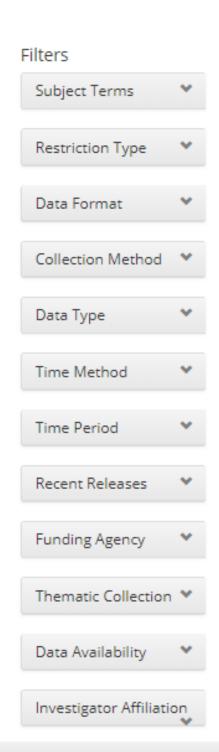


https://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/

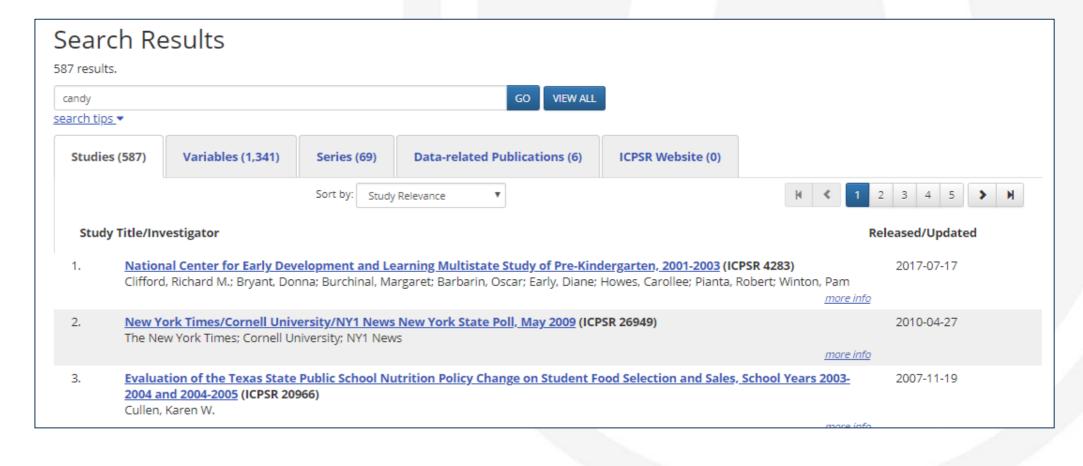
- Multidisciplinary in scope
- Created and maintained by the Institute for Social Research at University of Michigan
- AU is a member of ICPSR
- Thematic data collections
- Replication data sets













#### Discover Mendeley Data

Store, share, publish and find research data

https://data.mendeley.com/

- Multidisciplinary in scope
- Elsevier product
- Open, free-to-use after creating an account
- Indexes other data repositories
- Provides published data sets with DOIs

Open research data repositories in our index





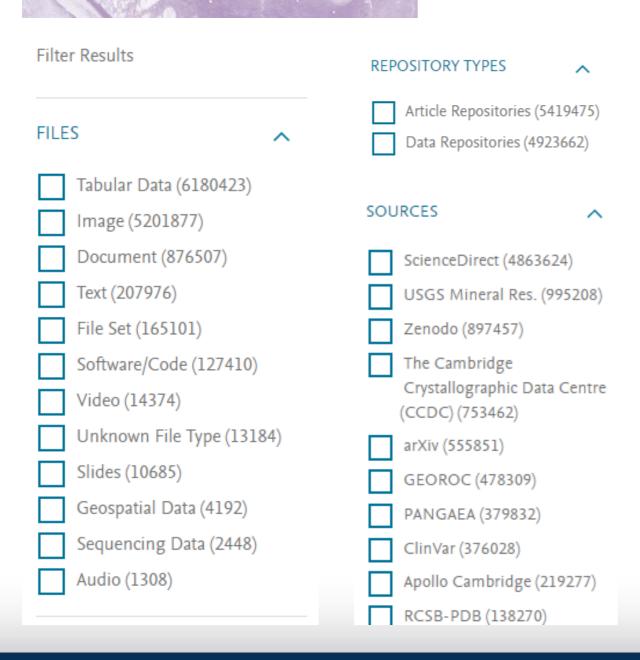


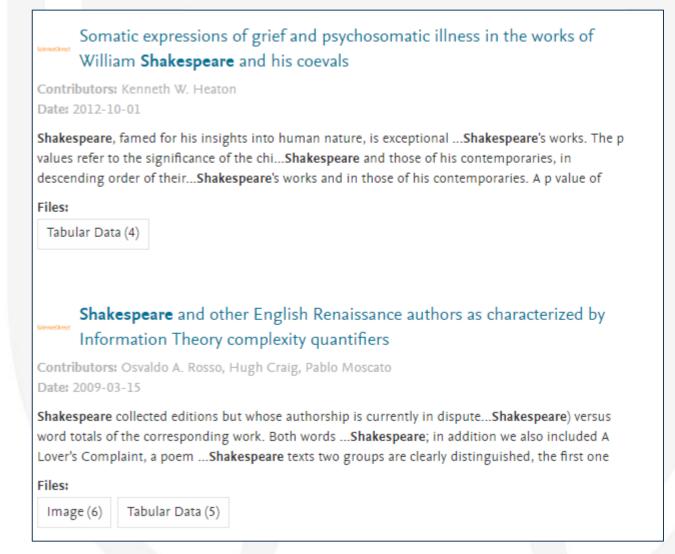
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#### Discover Mendeley Data

Store, share, publish and find research data





• Tabular, sequencing, and geospatial data



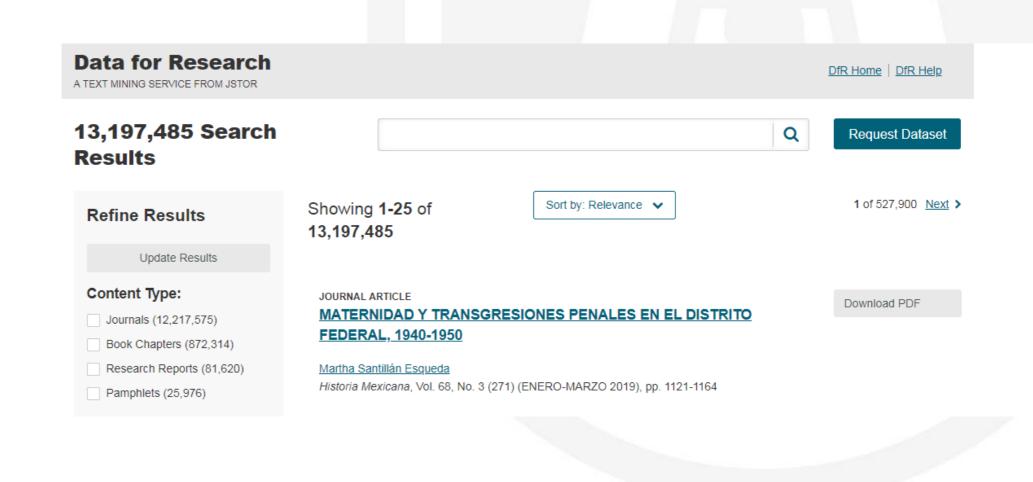


https://www.jstor.org/dfr/

- Multidisciplinary in scope
  - humanities focus
- JSTOR product
  - digital library for scholarly articles, books, and primary sources
- Datasets of JSTOR content for text mining
- Data for Research service is free for anyone
  - after creating a MyJSTOR account







Data parameters



	•
About the data	Limit to these publication dates
JSTOR Data for Research Search URL *	
	Limit to these titles (separate with commas)
To define the parameters of your dataset, please construct a search on <a href="https://www.jstor.org/dfr/results">https://www.jstor.org/dfr/results</a> . Supplying us with a DfR search URL will help to expedite delivery of your dataset. Please contact us if you encounter any problems constructing a search URL or see help here: <a href="https://www.jstor.org/dfr/about/creating-datasets">https://www.jstor.org/dfr/about/creating-datasets</a>	Limit in another way (please describe)
Per document N-grams *  1 gram bigrams trigrams	Access to data
OCR Full text**  □ Yes	List key researchers and their affiliations
**Depending on the journal and issue, this may be either text extracted from page scans via OCR or the full text as submitted digitally by publishers.	Others, if any, who are expected to have access to the Data (for example, graduate students or undergraduates)? Will other outside third parties require access to the Data? Please list their names and email addresses
Please describe the scope and nature of the Data to be provided including specific journals, authors disciplines, and/or keywords you would like to utilize in which to focus your query.	Use of the data
	Research
	∠ I agree to destroy the Data pursuant to the terms of the Agreement *  ■ Agree
• Datasets of JSTOR content for text mining	Research results Results of the research using the Data will be used as follows
<ul><li>request datasets</li></ul>	Publications  If publication is intended, do you plan to specify the names of publications/publishers or institutions that are the source of the Data?

Please explain



https://analytics.hathitrust.org/

- Multidisciplinary in scope
  - humanities focus
- Partnership with HathiTrust Digital Library
  - organization of academic & research institutions who offer digitized collections
  - AU is a member
- Datasets of HathiTrust digital library content for computational text analysis
  - use datasets to run algorithms, visualization
- Use of data requires affiliation with an academic institution



#### **Data Stats**

15,722,079
5,787,519,444
2,449,739,213,773
9,914,509
3,005,448,348
1,777,793,828,310
5,807,570
2,602,212,586
1,197,838,539,662

**Data Worksets:** user-created collections of HathiTrust volumes to be treated as data and analyzed using HTRC tools and services. Worksets are curated by researchers, and they can be shared and cited to improve reproducibility.

HTRC Algorithms: web-based, click-and-run tools to perform computational text analysis on volumes in the HathiTrust Digital Library.

**Tag Cloud Creator**: Create a tag cloud visualization of the most frequently occurring words in a workset, where the size of the word is displayed in proportion to the number of times it occurred.

**InPhO Topic Model Explorer**: export data containing the word-topic and topic-document distributions, along with an interactive visualization.

Choosing a Repository and University Libraries Resources

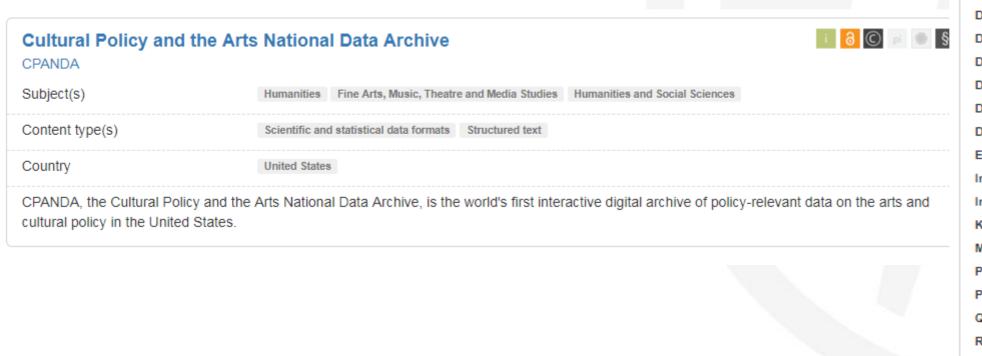
# Choosing A Data Repository

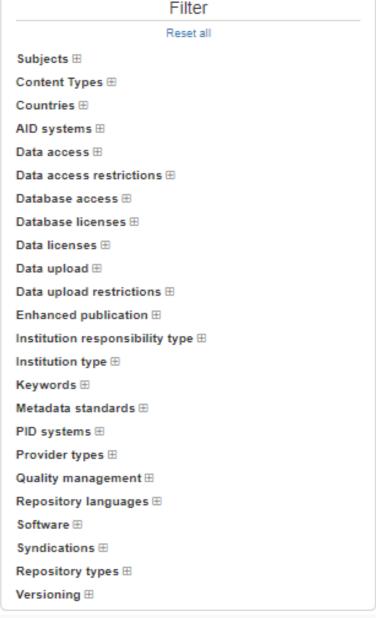
- Required/recommended repositories
  - Funding agencies
  - Journal publication
- Repository standards
  - Metadata
  - Preservation
  - Access to data
- Licensing
  - Attribution
  - Level of sharing
  - Copyright

# Finding Repositories

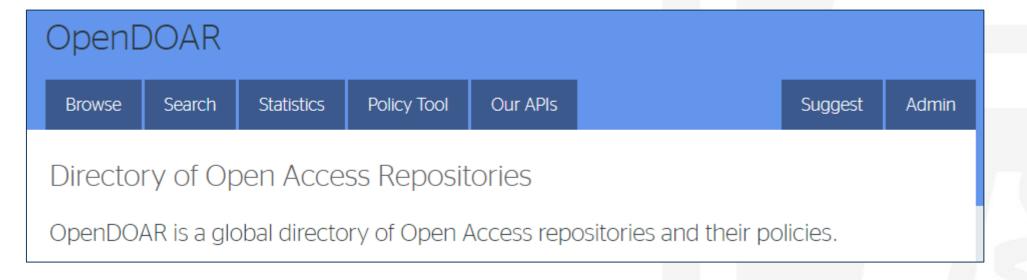


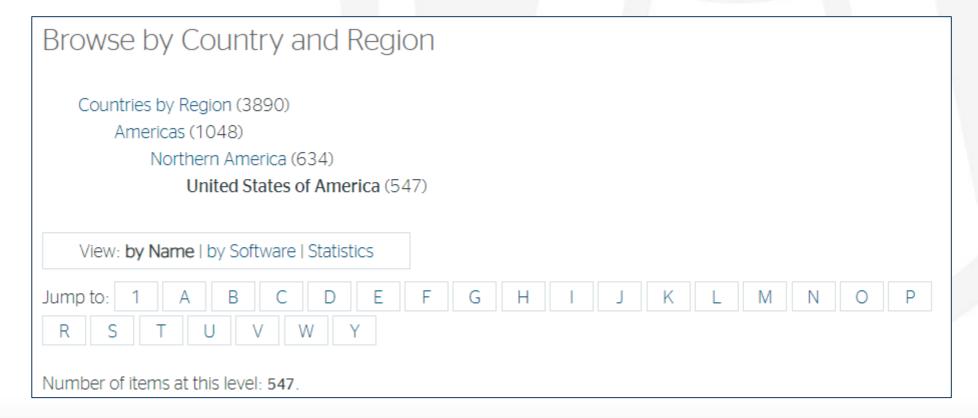
Browse by subject, content type, country



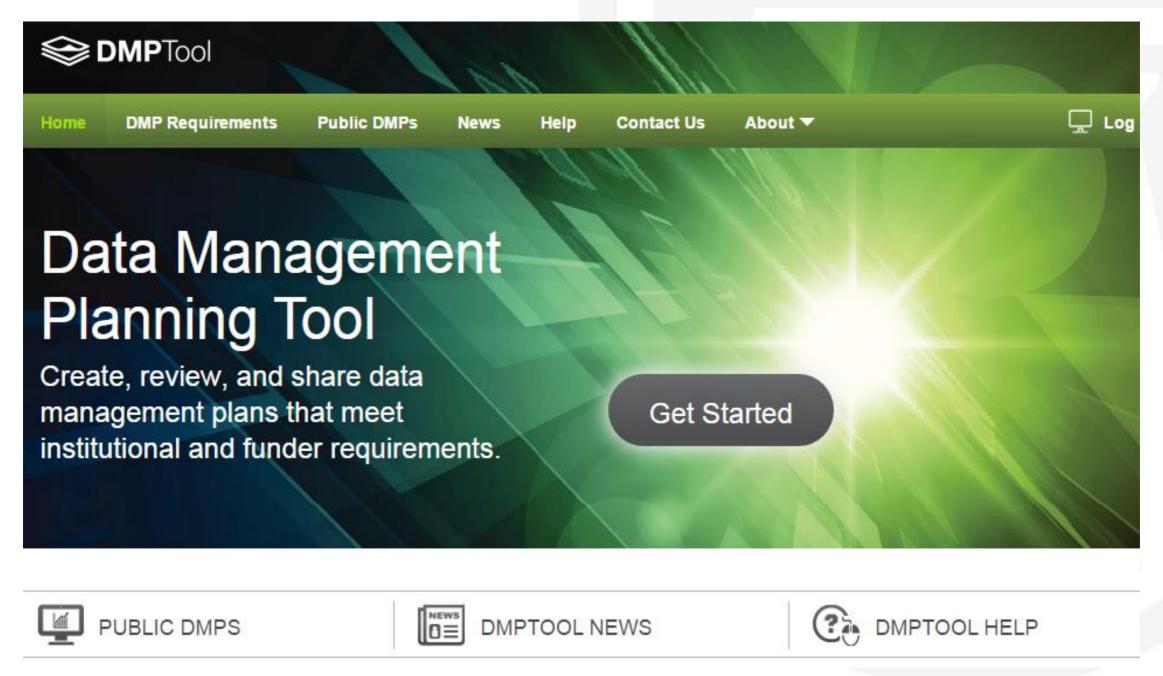


# Finding Repositories





## Research Data Management Planning

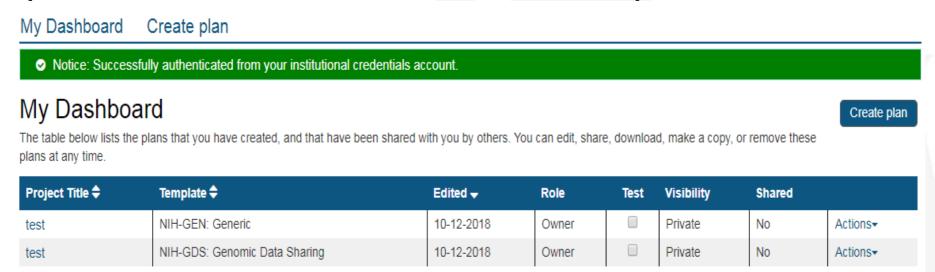


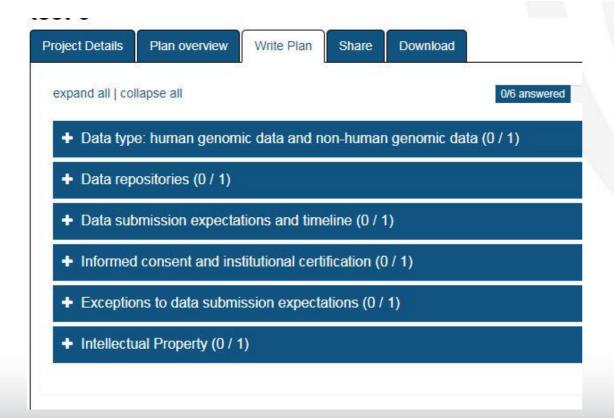
https://dmptool.org/





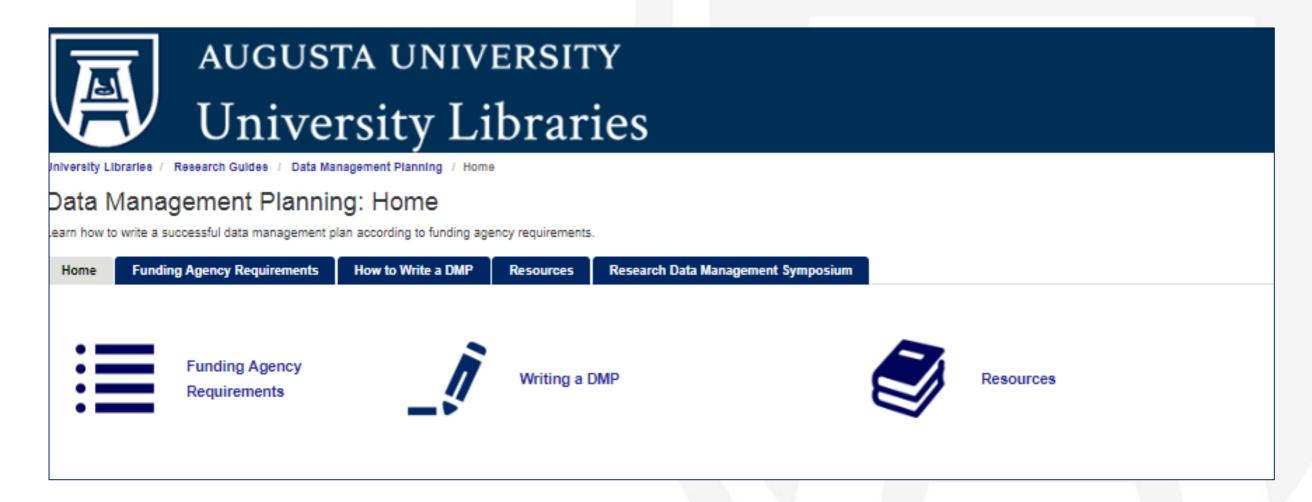
- Augusta University participating institution
- Templates for institution and funder requirements







## Data Management Planning Guide



https://guides.augusta.edu/DMP

#### Data Trends



#### Data trends for the arts and humanities

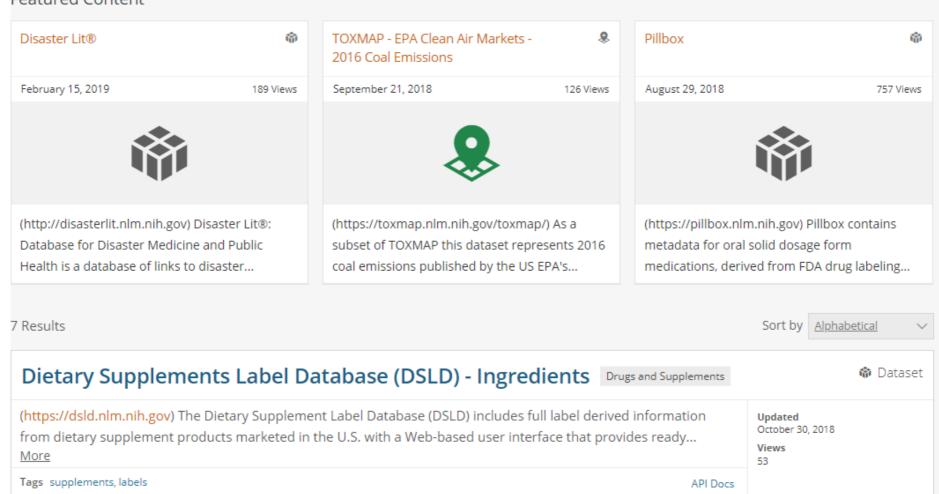
- Digital Humanities computational analysis on digitized text, objects
  - Data-mining/text-mining
    - topic modeling: discover topics within a collection of texts
  - Data visualization
- Spatial Humanities geographical relationships of human culture
  - GIS/Story mapping

# Biomedical Data Discovery

#### Data Discovery at the National Library of Medicine

As part of its work to fuel data-driven discovery and innovation, the National Library of Medicine has launched Data Discovery, a platform to provide access to datasets from selected NLM resources. Users can explore, filter, visualize, and export data in a variety of formats, including Excel, JSON, XML, as well as access and build with these datasets via API. NLM welcomes your comments on this program, as well as suggestions for datasets to be added to the catalog, at nlm-support@nlm.nih.gov.

#### Featured Content



https://datadiscovery.nlm.nih.gov/browse

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- \*\*For a list of repositories discussed, please see handout.\*\*